## Notes 3.1 Intro to Polynomials

## Investigation

Scott is participating in Fit Month at his gym. Below you will find a bar graph and a table to show Scott's pushup data from last year.



n Days	f(n)	g(n)	
	Push-ups	Total number of	
	each day	pushups in the	
		month	
1	3	3 \	15
2	5	8 4	75).
3	7	15	+77
4	9	24	+9 1
5	11	35	+102
n		Lis.	

Write the recursive and explicit equations for how many pushups he did each day (f(n)) from a. the table). Show how your equations relate to the bar graph or the table.

R: 
$$\begin{cases} f(n) = f(n-1) + 2 | \epsilon - \epsilon \text{ each bar grows by 2 each} \\ f(1) = 3 \end{cases}$$
 time

b. Write the recursive and explicit equations for how many pushups he has done total for the month (g(n)) from the table). Explain how your equations relate to the equations in a.

R: 
$$\begin{cases} g(n) = g(n-1) + (2n+1) \\ g(1) = 3 \end{cases}$$
 increasing by the

E: 
$$g(n) = n^2 + 2n$$

This year Scott plans to do even more pushups. Use the table below.

	f(n) Push-ups each day last year	g(n) <b>Total</b> number of pushups in the month	m(n) Push-ups each day this year	T(n)  Total push-ups completed for the month
1	3	3	3	3)
2	5	8	8	11 4
3	7	15	15	210 2
4	9	24	24	50 2
5	11	35	35	85 2
	***			
n				

c. How many pushups will Scott complete on day four this year? 24

How did you find this number? it is the same as g(4)

Write the recursive equation to represent the total number of pushups Scott will complete for the month on any given day, m(n).

$$m(n) = m(n-1) + (2n+1)$$
  
 $m(1) = 3$ 

What type of function do you think m(n) will make? Why do you think it will make that type of function? quadratic, because m(n) is the same as g(n) and the  $2^{nd}$  difference is constant

d. How many total pushups will Scott have completed for the month on day four this year?

e. What type of function do you think T(n) will make? Why do you think it will make that type of function?

If m(n) is quadratic because the 2nd difference is constant, then T(n) should be cubic because the 3rd difference is constant

f. How does the rate of change differ between the different functions?

The rate of change is increasing as you go from 
$$f(n) \rightarrow g(n) \rightarrow T(n)$$

## Functions

Type of Function	Equation	Graph
linear	y=mx+b	
exponential	y=a(b)x	
logarithmic	y = 10gb ×	
quadratic	$y=ax^2+bx+c$	
Square	y = VX	
Cubic	y= x <sup>3</sup>	
cube	y = 3/X	
polynomial	y=xn+xn-1++x+c	111

power

odd

## Long Division

1436 - 24